AO 399 (Rev. 05/00)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS

Waiver of Service of Summons

O: Bradley Wartman, Esq.			
·	(NAME OF PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY OF	R UNREPRESENTED PLAINTIFF)	
I, HABITAT EXECU	TIVE SERVICES, INC.	, acknowled	ge receipt of your request
that I waive service of summ	•	WAN v. THE HABIT	,
which is case number	08 cv 3884 (DOCKET NUMBER)		ited States District Court
for the Northern District of 1	llinois.		
I have also received a c by which I can return the sig	opy of the complaint in the a	ection, two copies of this ost to me.	instrument, and a means
I agree to save the cost by not requiring that I (or the manner provided by Rule 4.	of service of a summons and the entity on whose behalf I a	an additional copy of the acting) be served with	e complaint in this lawsuit th judicial process in the
I (or the entity on whose jurisdiction or venue of the cof the summons.	behalf I am acting) will retai court except for objections ba	in all defenses or objectionsed on a defect in the su	ons to the lawsuit or to the ummons or in the service
I understand that a judg	ment may be entered against	t me (or the party on wh	ose behalf I am acting) if
an answer or motion under I	Rule 12 is not served upon yo	ou within 60 days after	07/09/08 , (DATE REQUEST WAS SENT)
or within 90 days after that	date if the request was sent of	outside the United State	S.
8/6/08	Thomas 1	rulley	
(DATE)		(SIGNATURE)	
Printed/Typed	Name: Thomas B	radley	
As Attorney (TITLE)	of <u>Ha</u>	bitat Executive (CORPORATE DE	

Duty to Avoid Unnecessary Costs of Service of Summons

Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires certain parties to cooperate in saving unnecessary costs of service of the summons and complaint. A defendant located in the United States who, after being notified of an action and asked by a plaintiff located in the United States to waive service of summons, fails to do so will be required to bear the cost of such service unless good cause be shown for its failure to sign and return the waiver.

It is not good cause for a failure to waive service that a party believes that the complaint is unfounded, or that the action has been brought in an improper place or in a court that lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of the action or over its person or property. A party who waives service of the summons retains all defenses and objections (except any relating to the summons or to the service of the summons), and may later object to the jurisdiction of the court or to the place where the action has been brought.

A defendant who waives service must within the time specified on the waiver form serve on the plaintiff's attorney (or unrepresented plaintiff) a response to the complaint and must also file a signed copy of the response with the court. If the answer or motion is not served within this time, a default judgment may be taken against that defendant. By waiving service, a defendant is allowed more time to answer than if the summons had been actually served when the request for waiver of service was received.